

The False Choice Between Cutting Cost and Improving Experience — and How AI Ends It

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The Trade-Off That Defined an Industry

For most of the outsourcing industry's history, cost and experience sat on opposite ends of the same lever — and every buyer learned to accept that trade-off as close to a law of the category. Push cost down — reduce headcount, tighten handle-time targets, route more volume to lower-cost geographies — and experience quality followed it down. Push experience up — add staff, slow handle time, invest in training — and cost climbed in lockstep. Procurement and CX leadership spent decades negotiating over where on that lever to land, because it genuinely seemed like there was only one lever to move.

That constraint is breaking down — and it's breaking down specifically because of what AI changes about where labor cost actually goes in an operation. When routine, repeatable interactions are handled by intelligent automation rather than a human agent working from a script, the labor cost associated with those interactions falls. But in a well-designed model, the agents who handled that routine volume aren't cut from the roster. They're redeployed to the interactions that require human judgment, empathy, and real problem-solving: the calls that were previously rushed, under-resourced, or routed to whichever agent happened to be available rather than the one best equipped for that specific situation.

The evidence is no longer theoretical. According to McKinsey's 2024 research on AI in customer operations, organizations that redesign their workforce model around intelligent automation — rather than simply layering AI on top of existing workflows — consistently outperform those that treat automation as a headcount-reduction exercise. The operational results bear this out. Across multiple regulated enterprise transformations where the CX operating model was redesigned around the capabilities of AI and intelligent automation, organizations have realized hundreds of thousands of dollars in annual operating savings, multimillion-dollar improvements through payment and process optimization, double-digit gains in billing efficiency, world-class First Call Resolution (FCR) consistently for complex customer interactions, and quality scores above 95 percent. These are not pilot results—they are the outcomes of redesigning work around AI rather than simply deploying AI into existing processes.

The Old Model

Cost and experience on a single lever — push one down, the other follows. Every efficiency gain came at the expense of quality.

The AI Shift

Routine volume moves to intelligent automation. Freed agents redeploy to complex, high-value interactions that need real human judgment.

The New Reality

Labor cost falls on routine work while experience quality rises on the interactions that matter most — from the same operational investment.

AI doesn't eliminate the cost-versus-experience trade-off. It eliminates the excuse for accepting it.

Augment, Don't Just Automate

Breaking the trade-off, however, requires more than deploying automation. It requires building automation that genuinely augments agents rather than simply replacing volume and banking the savings. Real-time guidance that surfaces the right information inside a live interaction, unified customer data that eliminates the need for customers to repeat themselves, quality intelligence that turns every interaction — not a sampled subset — into a coaching opportunity: these are the mechanisms that make the cost-experience constraint obsolete, rather than simply relocating where the cost appears in the ledger.



Real-Time Guidance

Surfaces the right information at the right moment inside a live interaction — no searching, no delays, no wrong answers.



Unified Customer Data

Eliminates the need to make a customer repeat information they've already given — seamless context across every touchpoint.



Quality Intelligence

Turns every interaction — not a small sampled subset — into a coaching opportunity that continuously raises the bar.

What this looks like in practice: during a recent enterprise contact center transformation, routine billing inquiries shifted to AI-handled resolution via an intelligent automation platform while agents were redirected to higher-value, more complex interactions. Operational KPIs held — not because the technology was self-managing, but because workflows, routing logic, coaching cadences, and QA frameworks were deliberately redesigned around the new contact center operating model before go-live. The technology created the capacity. The operating model determined what happened with it.

Organizations that deploy intelligent automation purely as a cost-reduction tool — without reinvesting freed capacity into the interactions that need it most — don't break the trade-off. They relocate it. Handle time drops, cost drops, and experience metrics quietly degrade, because the human capacity freed by automation was cut rather than redeployed. That's not a technology failure. It's an operating model failure — and it's the single most common reason enterprise AI initiatives in CX deliver the cost savings but not the experience gains that were promised alongside them.

- ⊗ Deploying AI without rebuilding the operating model around it doesn't break the trade-off — it just relocates it. The savings disappear and the experience degrades anyway.

The Operating Model Shift – and the Leadership Conversation It Requires

The organizations still treating cost and experience as fundamentally competing priorities are, in most cases, running operations that haven't made this shift. They've acquired the technology without rebuilding the workforce model around what it actually frees up. They're still optimizing a lever that, for their competitors, no longer functions as a single trade-off dial – and most don't yet realize it.

The Technology Trap

Deploying AI without redesigning the workforce model around it. The lever still functions as a trade-off dial – because nothing changed about how freed capacity is deployed. Technology changes processes. Leadership changes outcomes.

The Leadership Dimension

Breaking the trade-off requires finance and operations leadership to agree – in advance – on how efficiency gains get split between margin and experience investment. That conversation is harder than announcing an AI initiative. It's also the one that determines whether the initiative delivers.

A recent regulated enterprise engagement makes this concrete. After targeted leadership intervention – AI governance restructuring, revised coaching frameworks, and deliberate QA redesign – ACH conversions increased 20% month-over-month. The AI capability had been in place. What changed was the leadership decision about how to deploy the human capacity around it. That's the variable most organizations underestimate: not whether the technology works, but whether leadership is willing to make the organizational decisions that allow it to work at scale.

"The companies winning with AI aren't replacing people. They're redesigning work."

Enterprise AI does not create transformation by itself. It creates the conditions under which transformation becomes possible. Leadership decisions – about workforce redeployment, AI governance, and where freed capacity goes – are what convert those conditions into outcomes. Organizations that treat AI as a self-executing strategy will consistently underperform against those that treat it as a leadership challenge with a technology component.

The Question Every Buyer Should Be Asking in 2H 2026

Which brings the conversation back to where every enterprise CX strategy conversation should begin: not with the technology, but with the operating model discipline required to make the technology deliver. For buyers building their 2H 2026 strategy, the question worth asking any CX partner isn't "how do you keep costs down" or "how do you improve experience" as two separate conversations. It's a single question — how does your AI-augmented model deliver both from the same operational investment, and what is your track record proving it at enterprise scale. If a partner can only answer one half of that question with real evidence, they're still selling the old trade-off with new technology bolted on — and the gains they're promising on one side are coming at the expense of the other.

✗ The Wrong Questions

"How do you keep costs down?" and "How do you improve experience?" — asked as two separate conversations with two separate answers. This framing accepts the old trade-off before the conversation even begins.

✓ The Right Question

"How does your AI-augmented model deliver **both** from the same operational investment — and what's your track record proving it?" If a partner can only answer one half with real evidence, they're still selling the old trade-off with new technology bolted on top.

The question that separates transformation partners from technology vendors is whether they have the operating model discipline to make the technology deliver. Anyone can deploy an AI tool. The organizations genuinely changing the economics of customer experience redesigned the work around it: the routing logic, the coaching cadences, the AI governance structures, the QA frameworks, the workforce deployment decisions that determine whether freed capacity becomes margin or becomes better service. That distinction — between deploying technology and redesigning work — is the entire game.

AI is not, ultimately, a cost story. It is not an efficiency story. It is an economics story — and the economics it changes are more fundamental than any handle-time metric or headcount ratio. When intelligent automation absorbs routine volume at a fraction of the cost of human labor, and that freed human capacity is redeployed to the interactions where judgment, empathy, and expertise actually move outcomes, the unit economics of customer experience transformation change structurally. Not incrementally. Not temporarily. Structurally. The organizations that understand this — and build their CX operating models around it — will carry a durable competitive advantage into every market cycle that follows.

The ones that don't will keep negotiating over where to land on a lever that, for their competitors, no longer exists.

AI doesn't change what great customer experience costs. It changes what's possible at any given cost. That is not an efficiency gain. That is a permanent shift in the economics of the category — and it belongs to every organization willing to lead through it rather than simply deploy through it. The lever is gone. The only question left is what you build in its place.